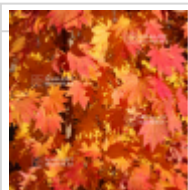
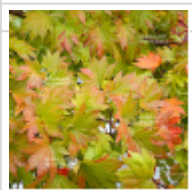
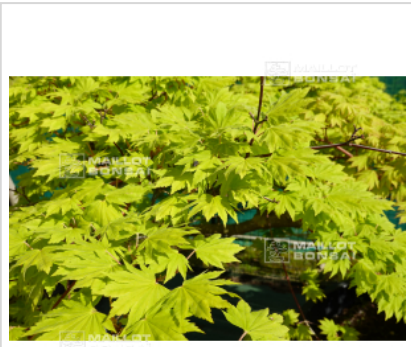




Sieboldianum seki no kegon

Sieboldianum seki no kegon

ref. 11936



1.5 litres

38,00€

3 litres

45,00€

[\[+\] Show on the website](#)

Description

Acer sieboldianum 'Seki-no-kegon'

Discovered in 1970 in Fukushima Prefecture as a natural seedling of a weeping *Acer sieboldianum*, 'Seki-no-kegon' is a rare and remarkable cultivar. The original tree, still growing in Fukushima, reached only about 3 meters in height after more than thirty years, reflecting its moderate vigor. The name honors both its discoverer, Mr. Kazou Seki, and the famous Kegan-no-taki waterfall near the city of Kanuma, giving rise to the full name 'Seki-no-kegon'. Unlike most weeping Japanese maples, which typically bear finely dissected leaves, this cultivar develops large, broad foliage that creates a dense and graceful silhouette. In autumn, the leaves change from deep purplish-red to a brilliant, vivid red before falling. Young plants often show a semi-weeping habit, which becomes more pronounced with age, enhancing its cascading form. Grafted onto *Acer sieboldianum*, it offers excellent hardiness and can be cultivated in cold climates, tolerating conditions down to USDA zone 4, or slightly lower. Under favorable conditions, it typically reaches 0.9–1.2 m in height and 1.8–2.4 m in width after about ten years. Introduced to Europe by Guy Maillot. At maturity, this maple forms striking horizontal, wave-like branches, making it the only *sieboldianum* with such a spectacular growth habit.

Technical description

<i>Species</i>	<i>Acer sieboldianum</i>
<i>Variety</i>	Sieboldianum seki no kegon
<i>Leaf colour</i>	Green leaves
<i>Leaf shape</i>	Palmated
<i>Adult height</i>	Between 2 and 4 meters
<i>Shape</i>	Natural
<i>Exposure</i>	Sun